



## INTERMEDIATE

# Electromagnetic Induction [EMI]

*Hand Notes For JEE Mains, Advance, NEET UG, Class 11 & 12 etc...*

## Hand Notes

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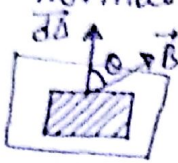
**Goto : [www.martcost.com](http://www.martcost.com)**

# ELECTROMAGNETIC INDUCTION [E.M.I.]

To produce induced current in the loop or, induced emf, there should be relative motion between coil & the magnets, so that the magnetic flux change w.r.t time.

## Magnetic flux ( $\phi$ )

It is no. of lines of force passing through a surface placed normal to magnetic field.



flux with small area element.

$$d\phi = B(dA \cos \theta)$$

$$d\phi = \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A} \quad (\text{scalar quantity})$$

unit  $\rightarrow$  Wb, Tm<sup>2</sup> = MKS

Maxwell, (10<sup>8</sup> cm<sup>2</sup>) = CGS

$$1 \text{ Wb} = 10^8 \text{ Maxwell}$$

Case-I  $\rightarrow$  If field is uniform & surface is plane.

$$\phi_{\text{net}} = \int B dA \cos \theta$$

$$= B \cos \theta \int dA$$

$$* \phi_{\text{net}} = B A \cos \theta$$

$$\phi_{\text{net}} = \vec{B} \cdot \vec{A}$$

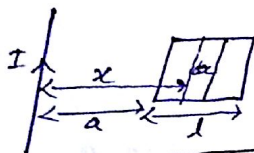
If no. of turn in the coil are 'n'

$$\phi = N B A \cos \theta$$

Case-II  $\rightarrow$  In case of non-uniform field.

$$* \phi_{\text{net}} = \int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

## A square of side 'l' is placed in same plane with a long wire as shown fig. then flux with loop.



$$\phi_{\text{net}} = \frac{\mu_0 I l}{2\pi} \log_e \left[ \frac{a+l}{a} \right]$$

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$$\phi = N B A \cos \theta$$

$$\phi = f(B, A, \theta)$$

$\rightarrow$  If  $\phi \Rightarrow \text{const} \Rightarrow \text{NO EMI.}$   
 $\rightarrow$  If  $\phi \Rightarrow \text{non-const} \Rightarrow \text{EMI.}$

|| i ||  $\rightarrow$   $A \perp B \Rightarrow \phi = 0$

|| i ||  $\rightarrow$   $\phi = 0$